

**B.Sc IV Semester Degree Examination, May - 2018** 

# MATHEMATICS

Algebra III

Paper - 4.1

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 60

 $(10 \times 2 = 20)$ 

**Instructions to Candidates:** 

- 1) Answer all the questions.
- 2) Write the question numbers correctly.

### Part-A

Answer any **TEN** questions :

1. Define left and right coset.

2. Define quotient group or factor group.

3. Define centre of a group.

- 4. Find the order of the elements of the multiplicative group  $G = \{1, -1, i, -i\}$  of fourth roots of unity.
- 5. Find the number of generators of the cyclic group of order 60.
- 6. Define normal subgroup and quotient group.
- 7. Define a vector space over a field F.
- 8. Define integral domain and division ring.
- 9. Prove that the intersection of any two subspaces of a vector space V over a field F is again a subspace of V.
- 10. Define a linear transformation.
- 11. Define range and kernel of a linear transformation.

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 $(3 \times 5 = 15)$ 

12. Define basis and dimension of a vector space.

### Part-B

Answer any Three of the following questions.

- 13. Define a cyclic group and prove that every subgroup of a cyclic group is cyclic.
- 14. Let G be a group and H be a normal subgroup of G, then prove that G/H is a homomorphic image of G with H as its kernel.
- 15. State and prove fundamental theorem of homomorphism of a group.
- 16. State and prove cayley's theorem.
- 17. If  $f: G \to G'$  be a homomorphism from the group  $(G, \bullet)$  into (G, \*) the prove that
  - i) f(e) = e' where e and e' are identity elements of G and G'
  - ii)  $f(a^{-1}) = [f(a)]^{-1} \forall a \in G$

### Part - C

Answer any Two questions.

- 18. Define a ring and show that the subset S of a ring  $(R, +, \bullet)$  is a subring of R if and only if
  - i)  $\forall a, b \in S, a + (-b) \in S$
  - ii)  $\forall a, b \in S, a.b \in S$
- 19. Prove that a ring is without zero divisors if and only if the cancellation law holds.
- 20. Define subrings and prove that intersection of any two subrings of a ring is again a subring.
- 21. Show that a finite integral domain is a field.

#### Part - D

Answer any **Three** questions from the following :

 $(3 \times 5 = 15)$ 

 $(2 \times 5 = 10)$ 

- 22. Prove that a non empty subset w of a vector space V over a field F is a subspace of V if and only if.
  - i)  $\forall \alpha, \beta \in w \Longrightarrow \alpha + \beta \in W$
  - ii)  $C \in F, \alpha \in w \Longrightarrow C\alpha \in W$

- 23. Let V be a vector space over a field F then show that every non empty subset of a linearly independent set of vectors of V is linearly independent.
- 24. Define basis and dimension of a vector space V over a field F. Show that the set B = {(1,1,0),(1,0,1),(0,1,1)} is a basis of the vector space V<sub>3</sub>(R).
- 25. Find the matrix of the linear transformation  $T:V_2(R) \rightarrow V_3(R)$  defined by T(x, y) = (x + y, x, 3x y) with respect to basis  $B_1 = \{(1,1), (3,1)\}, B_2 = \{(1,1,1), (1,1,0), (1,0,0)\}$ .
- 26. Find the range, null space, rank and nullity of the linear transformation  $T: V_3(R) \to V_2(R)$  defined by  $\{T(x, y, z)\} = (y x, y z)$  and also verify rank nullity theorem.

**B.Sc. IV Semester Degree Examination, May - 2018** 

# MATHEMATICS

**Differential Equations** 

**Paper - 4.2** 

Time: 3 Hours

**Instructions to Candidates:** 

1) Answer **ALL** the questions section wise.

2) Mention the question numbers correctly.

### Section - A

Answer any **TEN** of the following :

 $(10 \times 2 = 20)$ 

Maximum Marks: 60

1. Define order and degree of the differential equation

2. Solve  $(1 + X^2)dY + (1 + Y^2)dX = 0$ 

3. Show that the equation (12X+5Y-9) dX + (5X+2Y-4) dY = 0 is exact.

- 4. Solve  $\frac{dY}{dX} + Y \cot X = 4X \cos ecX$
- 5. Solve  $P^2 5P 6 = 0$
- 6. Solve the equation  $(D^3 6D^2 + 11D 6)Y = 0$
- 7. Solve the equation  $(D^2 + 4D + 4)Y = e^{2X}$
- 8. Evaluate  $\frac{1}{D^2 + a^2} \cdot \cos aX$
- 9. Reduce the equation  $[4X^2D^2 + 4XD 1]Y = 4X^2$  and find the complementary function.

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- 10. Find a part of C.F. of the equation  $X^2 Y_2 (X^2 + 2X)Y_1 + (X + 2)Y = X^3 e^X$
- 11. S.T the equation  $(2X^2 + 3X)\frac{d^2Y}{dX^2} + (6X + 3)\frac{dY}{dX} + 2Y = (X + 1)e^X$  is exact.

12. Find the Wronskian W for the equation  $\frac{d^2Y}{dX^2} + Y = \cos ecX$ 

### Section - B

Answer any THREE of the following :

- **13.** Solve  $\frac{dY}{dX} = (4X + Y + 1)^2$
- 14. Solve the Bernaulli equation  $\frac{dY}{dX} + Y \tan X = Y^3 \sec X$
- 15. Solve  $X^{2}YdX (X^{3} + Y^{3})dY = 0$  by finding integrating factor
- 16. Solve  $y = 2PX + Y^2 P^3$
- 17. Find the general solution & singular solution of  $X^2(Y PX) = YP^2$  by using the substitution  $X^2 = u, Y^2 = v$ .

#### Part - C

Answer any THREE of the following :

- **18.** Solve  $[D^2 + 4D + 4]Y = e^{2X} + e^{-2X}$
- **19.** Solve  $[D^2 2D + 1]Y = \cos 3X$
- **20.** Solve  $[D^2 10D + 16]Y = e^{4X} \cdot \sin 2X$

21. Solve the simultaneous equations  $\frac{dX}{dt} = 3X - Y; \frac{dY}{dt} = X + Y$ 

22. Solve  $(X^2D^2 + 7XD + 5)Y = 2X^4$ .

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 $(3 \times 5 = 15)$ 

 $(3 \times 5 = 15)$ 

Section - D

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 $(2 \times 5 = 10)$ 

Answer any **Two** of the following :

- 23. Solve  $X^2 \frac{d^2 Y}{dX^2} + (1 X) \frac{dY}{dX} Y = e^X$  by finding a part of C.F.
- 24. Solve  $Y'' + (2\cos X + \tan X)Y' + \cos^2 X \cdot Y = \cos^4 X$  by changing the independent variable.
- **25.** Solve  $Y'' + a^2 Y = \sec 3X$  by the method of variation of parameters.
- 26. Solve  $\frac{d^2Y}{dX^2} 2\tan X \frac{dY}{dX} + 5Y = e^X \sec X$  by changing the dependent variable.